Timing	Unit Title	Key Question	Knowledge	Assessing understanding
Autumn	Listening, Analysis and Historical Study: Area of study A: The Western Classical Tradition (The Development of the Symphony 1750–1900)	How did the Symphony originate and develop between 1750 and 1900?	This area of study develops pupils' understanding of the development of the symphony through the Romantic era. The symphony, as it developed, was considered to be the most important instrumental genre of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries and contains some of the most exciting orchestral repertoire of the period. The development of the symphony went hand in hand with the development of the orchestra into a grand and powerful force.	How understanding is assessed
	Area of study D: Jazz 1920–1960: Cool jazz.	This area of study focuses on prominent genres from the world of Jazz between 1920 and 1950.	<ul> <li>Pupils will study two set works:         Haydn's Symphony No. 104 in D major (complete) and Mendelssohn's Symphony No. 4 in A major 'Italian'</li> <li>Identifying features from audio extracts such as instrumentation, techniques of orchestration, melody, harmony, tonality, structure and a plethora of musical devices.</li> <li>Area of study D: Pupils develop their understanding of Jazz from Year 12 through the study of Cool Jazz (1950–60). Pupils study the works of Miles Davis, Lee Konitz, Gerry Mulligan, Chet Baker, Stan Getz and Gil Evans.</li> </ul>	Assessment Point information  Past Paper Mock Question using Eduqas mark scheme.  How understanding is assessed  Analysis questions, aural past papers, discussion in lessons, sample problems, essays.  Homework and tests involving past paper questions  Skills  Analysis, evaluation, aural skills, extended writing.

# Area of study E: Into the Twentieth Century

- Area of study E: Into the Twentieth Century
   Pupils will study the works of representative
   European composers from the period as a
   basis for understanding how music is created,
   developed and performed for different
   audiences in the late nineteenth and early
   twentieth centuries. The development of
   music in this period is categorised into
   successive but overlapping 'schools' of
   composition. Learners will study three of
   them:
  - 1 Impressionism
  - 2 Expressionism (including Serialism)
  - 3 Neo-classicism
- Pupils will study the following two set works in depth:

Poulenc's Trio for Oboe, Bassoon and Piano, Movement II

Debussy's Three Nocturnes, Number 1, Nuages

 In order to gain a breadth of understanding of how music developed in different social and cultural contexts during the period, the following composers are suggested for study: Debussy, Ravel, Schoenberg, Berg, Webern, Stravinsky, Poulenc and Prokofiev

### **Assessment Point information**

 Past Paper Mock Question using Eduqas mark scheme.

## How understanding is assessed

- Analysis questions, aural past papers, discussion in lessons, sample problems, essays.
- Homework and tests involving past paper questions

### Skills

 Analysis, evaluation, aural skills, extended writing.

### **Assessment Point information**

 Past Paper Mock Question using Eduqas mark scheme.

# Department: Music Year 13

Summer	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
				skills, extended writing.  Assessment Point information  Past Paper Mock Question using Eduqas mark scheme.
				Skills  • Analysis, evaluation, aural
			<ul> <li>Compositions finished by the end of the Spring term; performed (where possible) and recorded.</li> </ul>	sample problems, essays.  • Homework and tests involving past paper questions
Spring	Exam Preparation and Completion of Coursework		<ul> <li>Recitals completed in March/April to an external visiting assessor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How understanding is assessed</li> <li>Analysis questions, aural past papers, discussion in lessons,</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Pupils will prepare their recitals and compositions.</li> </ul>	